

Haringey Crime Performance Overview

November 2019

Sources:

Except where noted, all data from Metropolitan Police Service (MPS) Website and MPS AWARE System, haringey.gov.uk and covers the 12-month period to October 2019.

Performance Overview



- The Mayor's Police and Crime Plan (2017-2021) has outlined key priorities for Haringey:

Mandatory High Harm Crimes:

- Sexual Violence
- Domestic Abuse
- Child Sexual Exploitation
- Weapon-Based Crime
- Hate Crime

Mandatory Volume Crime:

- Anti-Social Behaviour

Local Priorities:

- Robbery
- Non-Domestic Violence with Injury (VWI)

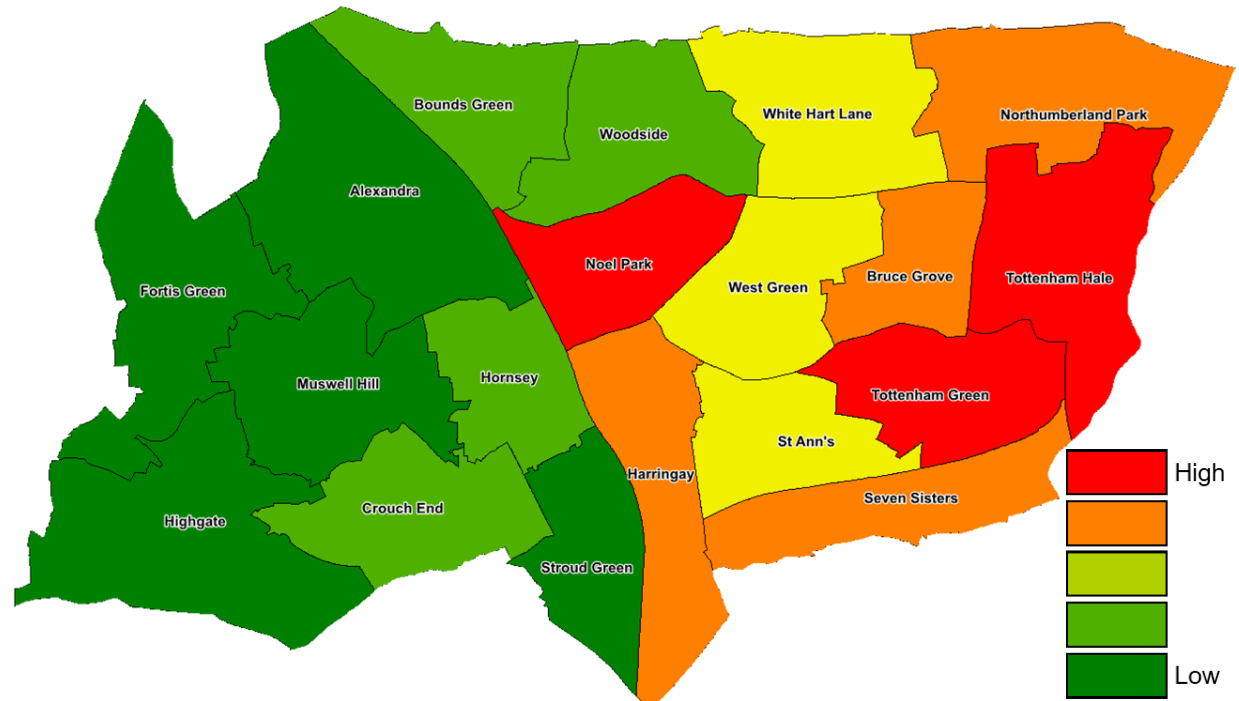
- Key focus on Violence, Vulnerability and Exploitation, whilst balancing response to volume crime
- Ranking tables show Haringey in the London context (No.1 indicates best performing borough)

Total Notifiable Offences

Borough	TNO	London Rank	Volume
Wandsworth	-1.3%	1	25468
Brent	0.2%	2	30052
Lambeth	1.0%	3	34943
Newham	1.1%	4	35488
Richmond upon Thames	1.2%	5	12802
Havering	1.3%	6	18718
Islington	1.3%	7	29209
Redbridge	2.0%	8	23668
Haringey	2.7%	9	31379
Hammersmith and Fulham	2.8%	10	22334
Tower Hamlets	4.5%	11	33658
Waltham Forest	4.8%	12	24094
Camden	5.0%	13	38252
Hounslow	6.3%	14	26669
Barking and Dagenham	6.4%	15	19041
Merton	6.5%	16	14505
Bromley	6.8%	17	24281
Hillingdon	7.6%	18	29328
Kingston upon Thames	7.7%	19	12655
Croydon	7.8%	20	32294
Enfield	8.5%	21	29205
Ealing	8.8%	22	30323
Kensington and Chelsea	9.6%	23	23181
Greenwich	10.6%	24	27597
Southwark	10.7%	25	38507
Barnet	12.7%	26	30409
Sutton	12.7%	27	13426
Hackney	13.1%	28	34052
Lewisham	13.1%	29	28425
Bexley	17.3%	30	17380
Harrow	17.3%	31	16535
Westminster	32.0%	32	77807
London Total	8.3%		885685

Overall recorded crime in Haringey has increased by **2.7%** in the 12 months to October 2019, which is better than the London wide average increase of 8.3%.

The main hotspots are located around Wood Green High Road and around the A10 corridor, from Bruce Grove to Seven Sisters.



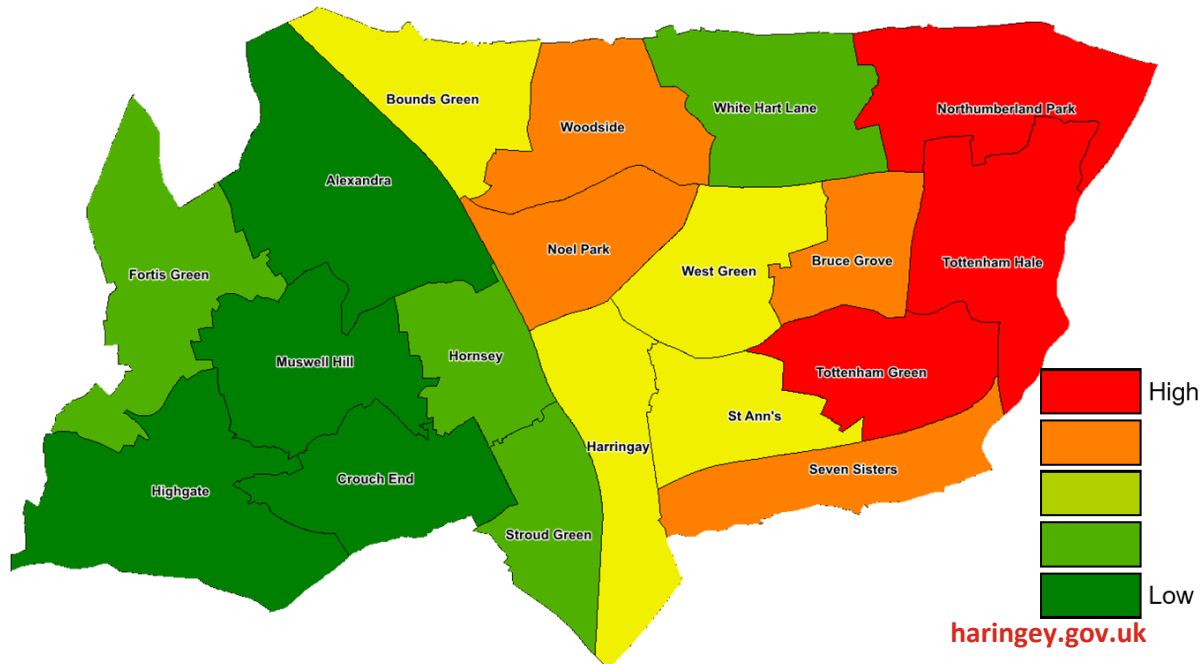
Sexual Offences

Borough	Sexual Offences	London Rank	Volume
Barnet	-12.1%	1	492
Kingston upon Thames	-10.9%	2	261
Haringey	-10.6%	3	626
Kensington and Chelsea	-9.4%	4	346
Southwark	-9.4%	5	769
Hillingdon	-7.9%	6	511
Lambeth	-7.1%	7	859
Newham	-7.1%	8	771
Tower Hamlets	-5.3%	9	665
Brent	-5.0%	10	629
Camden	-4.9%	11	584
Hackney	-4.6%	12	704
Barking and Dagenham	-4.0%	13	474
Wandsworth	-3.0%	14	654
Redbridge	-1.6%	15	480
Richmond upon Thames	-1.5%	16	256
Westminster	-1.4%	17	969
Sutton	-1.4%	18	282
Bexley	-1.1%	19	356
Waltham Forest	-0.6%	20	508
Lewisham	-0.2%	21	644
Greenwich	1.6%	22	653
Hounslow	2.0%	23	551
Hammersmith and Fulham	2.3%	24	409
Merton	3.2%	25	358
Ealing	3.2%	26	637
Bromley	4.5%	27	561
Enfield	5.3%	28	601
Havering	5.6%	29	436
Croydon	5.6%	30	888
Islington	10.9%	31	611
Harrow	11.8%	32	322
London Total	-2.1%		17867

Overall sexual offences in Haringey have decreased by **10.6%** in the 12 months to October 2019, compared to a London wide average reduction of 2.1%.

44% of sexual offences in Haringey are categorised in the most serious category of rape, which is slightly above the London wide average of 40%.

Offences are spread across entire borough, with more clustering towards the East.



Non-Domestic Abuse Violence With Injury

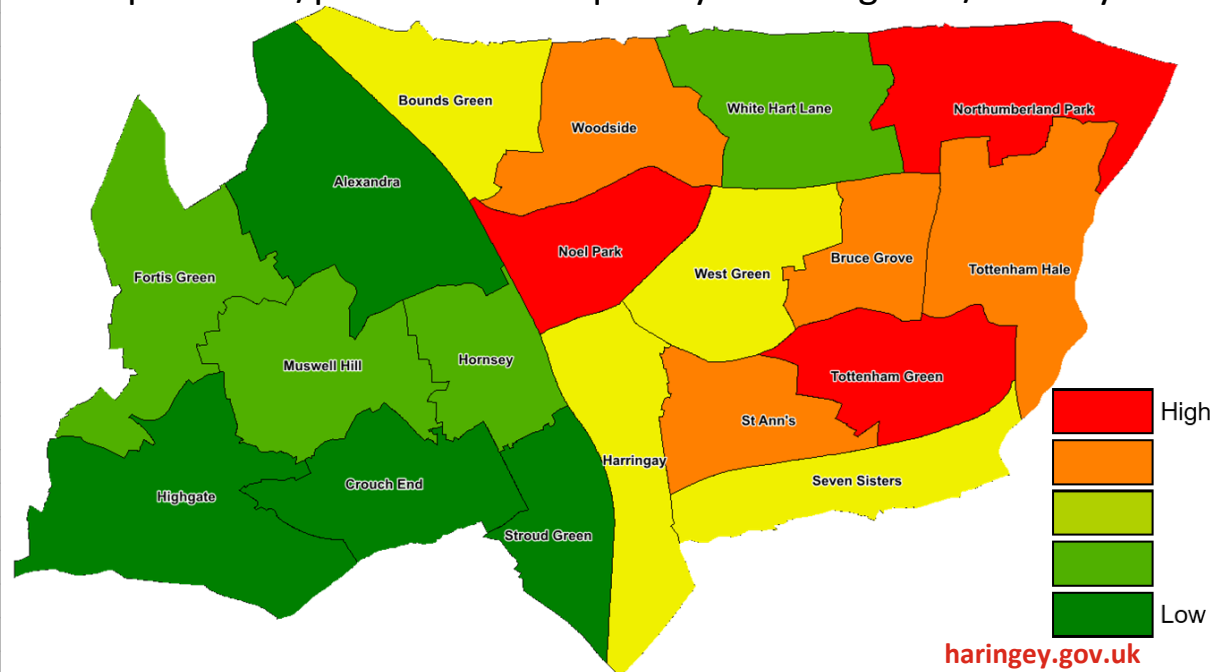


Borough	Non-Domestic Abuse VVI	London Rank	Volume
Havering	-12.8%	1	1158
Camden	-11.8%	2	1792
Richmond upon Thames	-10.0%	3	602
Haringey	-9.8%	4	1860
Waltham Forest	-6.0%	5	1378
Islington	-4.0%	6	1702
Lambeth	-3.3%	7	2520
Wandsworth	-2.5%	8	1621
Brent	-2.4%	9	2182
Barking and Dagenham	-2.4%	10	1281
Hounslow	-1.0%	11	1615
Newham	-0.9%	12	2173
Southwark	-0.6%	13	2273
Ealing	-0.6%	14	2017
Croydon	1.0%	15	2235
Hillingdon	1.2%	16	1797
Greenwich	1.8%	17	1851
Kingston upon Thames	1.9%	18	872
Hammersmith and Fulham	2.5%	19	1388
Tower Hamlets	2.8%	20	2052
Bromley	3.6%	21	1429
Redbridge	4.0%	22	1503
Barnet	4.0%	23	1472
Merton	4.7%	24	891
Harrow	5.3%	25	989
Enfield	6.2%	26	1703
Kensington and Chelsea	6.7%	27	1077
Hackney	7.3%	28	2258
Lewisham	8.9%	29	2003
Sutton	10.7%	30	938
Westminster	12.1%	31	3274
Bexley	16.8%	32	1203
London Total	0.8%		53109

■ Non-domestic VVI offences have decreased in Haringey by **9.8%**, compared to a London-wide increase of 0.8%.

■ A significant proportion of incidents occur in busy locations, such as shopping centres, transport hubs and key thoroughfares.

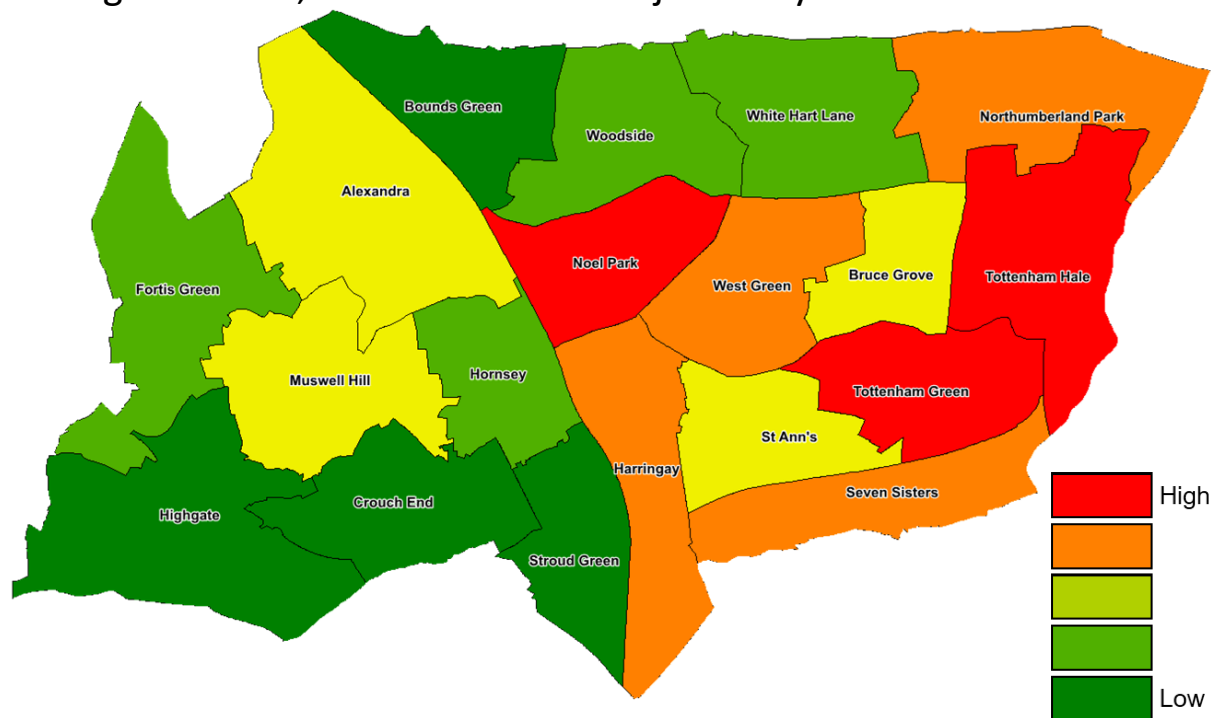
■ Some incidents are also linked to retail/night time economy related issues, including when individuals have been refused entry to shops or bars/pubs and subsequently attacking staff/security.



Personal Robbery

Borough	Personal Robbery	London Rank	Volume
Waltham Forest	-18.7%	1	762
Lambeth	-17.3%	2	1156
Bromley	-15.9%	3	361
Sutton	-14.8%	4	248
Islington	-14.7%	5	1349
Tower Hamlets	-12.1%	6	1274
Brent	-10.7%	7	1246
Camden	-9.6%	8	1636
Newham	-7.7%	9	1689
Wandsworth	-7.6%	10	728
Croydon	-3.4%	11	987
Redbridge	1.1%	12	927
Bexley	7.3%	13	294
Hammersmith and Fulham	9.2%	14	757
Merton	10.8%	15	360
Havering	14.9%	16	657
Kensington and Chelsea	19.3%	17	774
Barking and Dagenham	23.8%	18	977
Lewisham	23.9%	19	1121
Enfield	24.7%	20	1372
Haringey	26.1%	21	2171
Greenwich	26.5%	22	715
Southwark	32.5%	23	2164
Hounslow	33.8%	24	745
Ealing	35.2%	25	1122
Kingston upon Thames	41.4%	26	287
Hackney	42.4%	27	1888
Hillingdon	42.5%	28	694
Barnet	44.9%	29	990
Richmond upon Thames	57.3%	30	431
Westminster	57.4%	31	4073
Harrow	86.2%	32	512
London Total	13.8%		34467

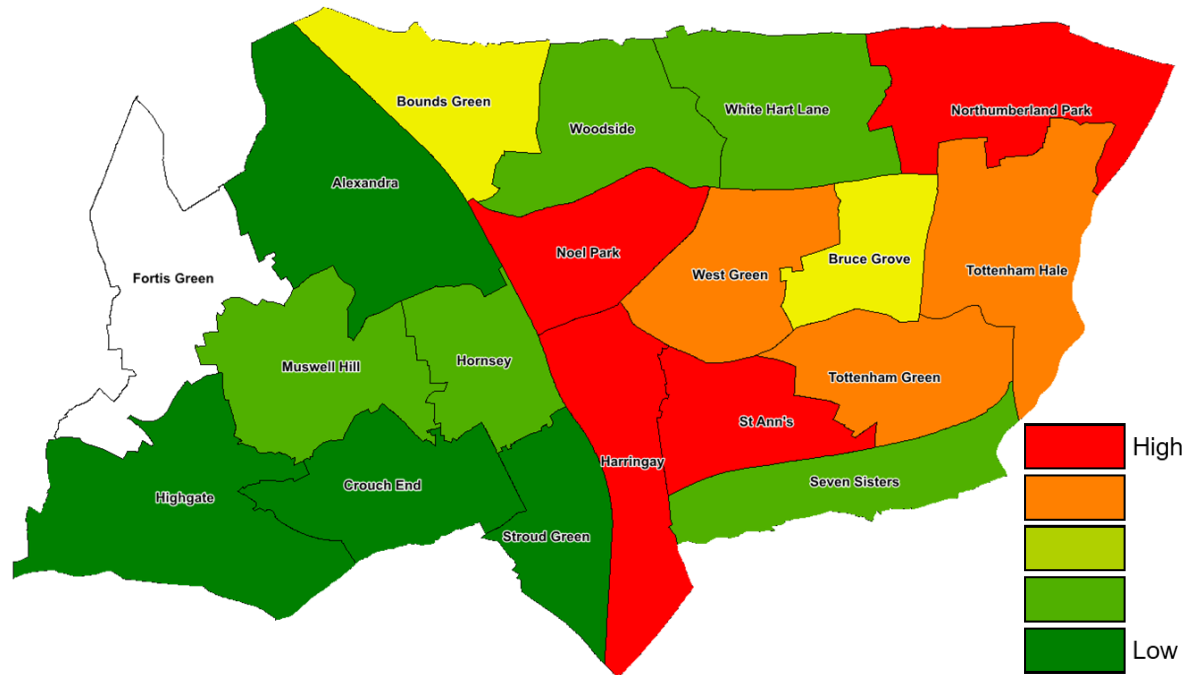
- Personal robbery has increased in Haringey, by **26%**. Almost 2,200 offences a year take place. London wide offending has also worsened, experiencing an increase of 14%. North London in particular has seen large increases in robbery,
- Mobile phones continue to be the most commonly stolen items during robberies, as well as cash and jewellery.



Knife Injury Victims

Borough	Knife Injury Victims	London Rank	Volume
Tower Hamlets	-48.4%	1	129
Harrow	-34.4%	2	59
Bromley	-29.1%	3	61
Hillingdon	-25.4%	4	106
Brent	-25.2%	5	160
Lambeth	-23.8%	6	183
Waltham Forest	-23.2%	7	126
Sutton	-22.9%	8	37
Havering	-22.2%	9	77
Greenwich	-20.2%	10	142
Southwark	-17.6%	11	202
Newham	-15.8%	12	176
Bexley	-13.0%	13	47
Barking and Dagenham	-11.7%	14	91
Enfield	-11.2%	15	158
Camden	-10.8%	16	141
Croydon	-10.5%	17	153
Islington	-5.8%	18	145
Redbridge	-5.2%	19	110
Ealing	-4.9%	20	156
Haringey	-4.9%	21	176
Lewisham	-4.5%	22	169
Kingston upon Thames	-2.7%	23	36
Wandsworth	0.0%	24	121
Hounslow	1.8%	25	116
Barnet	2.7%	26	116
Westminster	3.9%	27	188
Richmond upon Thames	11.8%	28	38
Hackney	13.1%	29	190
Hammersmith and Fulham	20.7%	30	111
Merton	30.4%	31	73
Kensington and Chelsea	39.5%	32	113
London Total	-11.7%		3906

- The volume of overall knife injuries has reduced by **4.9%** in Haringey, compared to a 11.7% London-wide reduction.
- However, serious incidents still occur, which often lead to serious and life-changing injuries.**
- Key locations are Wood Green High Street, Turnpike Lane and Bruce Grove
- Hotspots have continued to shift, following targeted partnership work in long standing high volume locations.



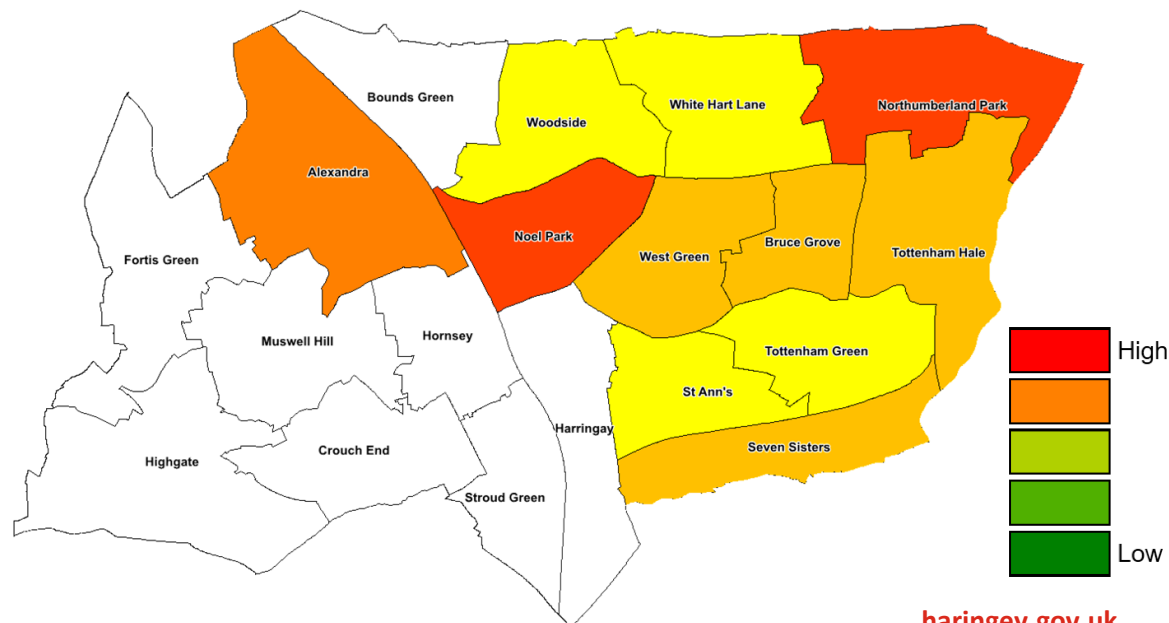
Lethal Barrelled Firearm Discharges

Borough	Lethal Barrelled Firearm Discharges	London Rank	Volume
Sutton	-100.0%	1	0
Kingston upon Thames	-100.0%	2	0
Kensington and Chelsea	-100.0%	3	0
Croydon	-92.3%	4	1
Newham	-66.7%	5	11
Bexley	-66.7%	6	3
Havering	-60.0%	7	2
Harrow	-58.3%	8	5
Greenwich	-46.2%	9	7
Barking and Dagenham	-44.4%	10	5
Waltham Forest	-36.0%	11	16
Tower Hamlets	-33.3%	12	8
Southwark	-28.6%	13	15
Haringey	-18.4%	14	31
Islington	-18.2%	15	9
Brent	-12.0%	16	22
Hackney	-10.7%	17	25
Lambeth	-2.2%	18	44
Richmond upon Thames	0.0%	19	1
Merton	0.0%	20	5
Lewisham	7.7%	21	14
Hillingdon	11.1%	22	10
Ealing	14.3%	23	8
Bromley	25.0%	24	5
Westminster	25.0%	25	10
Wandsworth	33.3%	26	8
Camden	50.0%	27	9
Enfield	100.0%	28	20
Barnet	150.0%	29	5
Hounslow	266.7%	30	11
Redbridge	300.0%	31	16
Hammersmith and Fulham	N/A	32	3
London Total	-15%		329

▪ Lethal barrelled firearm discharges in Haringey have decreased year on year by **18.4%**. London has decreased by 15% over this same period.

▪ This is a notable improvement from mid-2018, during which significantly higher volumes of firearms discharges occurred.

▪ Firearm related incidents mostly occur to the East of the borough, and show some correlation with known gang linked areas. Offences also demonstrate some geographical clustering.



Summary

- Several areas of positive performance
- Current MOPAC Police and Crime Plan priorities (Robbery and Non-DA VWI) continue to be high-volume and high risk
- Challenges include :
 - Responding to robbery and weapon enabled crime
 - Continuing to tackle vulnerability, exploitation and youth violence.